

KIVETON PARK
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



**ANNUAL
REPORT**



of the
Medical Officer of Health
for the Year 1959

K I V E T O N P A R K R U R A L D I S T R I C T C O U N C I L

HEALTH COMMITTEE:

Chairman: R. N. Bramley

COUNCILLORS:

Anston:	Mrs. M. A. Butterfield Mrs. B. Creasey W. Hogg
Dinnington St. John's:	J. Adams W. H. Cole W. Collier J. W. Hill A. Wigmore G. R. Woollin
Firbeck:	J. C. Batty, J.P.
Gildingwells:	G. J. Farnsworth
Harthill-with-Woodall:	J. W. Hydes M. Sampson
Letwell:	R. N. Bramley
Thorpe Salvin:	J. White
Todwick:	A. W. Staniforth
Wales:	A. M. Davies J. S. Field J. W. Sampson Mrs. H. A. Shepherd, J.P.
Woodsetts:	B. C. Cook

Public Health Department Staff:

Medical Officer of Health:	Dr. J. M. Watt
Senior Assistant Medical Officer :	Dr. M. E. O'Neill
Assistant County Medical Officers:	Dr. M. J. Hallinan Dr. J. Lodwick
Public Health Inspector :	Mr. R. D. Higgs

To the Chairman and members of the Health Committee of Kiveton Park Rural District

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report upon the Health Services in Kiveton Park Rural District for the year ended 31st December, 1959.

Many of the services mentioned in this report are controlled by the West Riding County Council, but the Rural District Council takes so much interest in their administration and they are so bound up with the work of the local Health Department, it is difficult to omit them.

A slight confusion may be caused in certain parts of the report where it is not possible to give separate statistics for Kiveton Park Rural area and where figures for the whole Division are quoted, but every effort has been made to make matters clear.

Population

The population in Kiveton Park climbs steadily each year, keeping pace with the building of new houses by the Council, by private owners and the National Coal Board. These new houses bring young adults into the district and result in a high number of births.

Survival of Infants

This shows an erratic but definite improvement over the years. Improvement in infant survival is an indication that the standard of living is rising among infants as well as in adults.

Still-births

The local rate is very satisfactory and comes close to the national rate which is one of the lowest ever recorded.

Maternal Deaths

It is always a great happiness to report that no mother lost her life in childbirth and it is possible to do so for still another year.

Expectation of Life

The proportion of people over 65 years of age rises steadily and has now reached the level of 118 per 1,000 population.

Mortality

The maxim that a man is as old as his arteries is supported by the fact that half the deaths are due to diseases of the heart and vascular system.

One-sixth of the deaths are due to cancer. The increase in cancer of the lung is not so marked for the last two years.

A typically British malady, chronic bronchitis, is the most frequent reason for visits to the doctor, but it is only responsible for five per cent deaths.

Diphtheria

No cases of diphtheria have occurred in the district for ten years but it is doubtful whether the forty per cent of children vaccinated is high enough for

Diphtheria (Continued)

safety and, on the recommendation of the Ministry of Health, immunisations are being increased.

Scarlet Fever

Cases of scarlet fever fluctuate from year to year and we are experiencing an increase in incidence at the present time. With the mildness of the disease, most children are fit within a week and back at school after a fortnight.

Measles

Measles is also mild and mainly affects children under five years of age.

Whooping Cough

Helped by the vaccination of pre-school children, deaths from whooping cough are less frequent.

Poliomyelitis

The intensive vaccination campaign against polio., with seventy-five per cent of the population under fifteen years immunised, may or may not be the reason for the absence of polio. from the district for a whole year. The experience of future years will supply the true answer.

Dysentery

Some dysentery is prevalent in the West Riding and is liable to appear in the Infant Schools in sharp epidemics in the late autumn, disappearing during the Easter holidays. There is no doubt that there is a high carrier rate between outbreaks. The disease is spread by infected hands and it is easy to understand the difficulties of inducing young children to keep their hands clean and away from their mouths. A high standard of cleanliness in school conveniences, pull chains and door knobs, hot water on wash-basins, washing of hands and the provision of individual paper towels are the chief aids to check infection.

Food Poisoning

It is encouraging to report that one of the warmest summers of the century passed without an outbreak of food poisoning. There is no doubt that the standard of cleanliness in food is rising. Milk and ice-cream are no longer a menace and meat dishes in restaurants, canteens and schools are handled with greater care.

Venereal Diseases

Reports of an increase in gonorrhoea and syphilis, particularly among teenagers, do not apply in this district. Special treatment clinics and family doctors state that there is no local increase in cases.

Tuberculosis

Tuberculosis is less prevalent and less fatal. The happiest feature in the disease is the reduction in cases among young people. The most stubborn group of cases is that of elderly men, most of whom acquire the disease in their

Tuberculosis (Continued)

youth and break down in health around retiral age. Special efforts are required to persuade old age pensioners to attend Mass Radiography sessions arranged for the coming year.

Respiratory Disease

Chest diseases are closely associated with a cold, wet, dirty atmosphere but a clean air campaign naturally meets with the deepest suspicion in an area where coal-mining is the main industry and where proposals are made which may reduce the use of coal. The Clean Air campaign might be more successful if the other means of domestic heating were smokeless fuel, gas and electricity produced from coal. Unfortunately the new gas producing plant at Dinnington utilises oil and it is well-known that certain power stations are also using oil. To make matters worse, no satisfactory agreement has been reached between the National Coal Board and the miners regarding compensation for the loss of concessionary coal.

The problem is by no means hopeless.

Child Neglect

The parents of neglected children are frequently of poor mentality and quite unable to cope with the large numbers in their families, with the weekly budget, marriage tangles in which they are singularly prone to become involved and all the other problems which arise in the disciplined life of an urban community.

The remedy for child neglect is not simply to send the parents to prison. In fact, this frequently does more harm than good.

Fortunately, neglected children nowadays have good nutrition and reasonable clothing in spite of the irregular, dirty lives they lead.

National Assistance allowances, school meals, free milk and other social benefits provide the main essentials for their well-being.

A special local Committee co-ordinates the efforts of Welfare Workers in charge of social benefits and the Committee is of considerable help to families unable to fend for themselves.

Child Guidance

The problems of the maladjusted and emotionally disturbed child are now dealt with at a Child Guidance Clinic in Dinnington.

Mental Health

A silent revolution is taking place in the treatment of mental illness. Mental disorder is now being regarded as an illness and the mentally disordered are being treated as sick people. There is also an important shift in emphasis from hospital to community care. This necessitates closer co-operation each year between mental hospitals staffs and the mental health social workers of the local authorities. Locally, this co-operation is excellent.

District Midwifery

The service to mothers in their confinements is better than ever. Additional staff are working in the district.

District Nursing

The demand for nursing attendance from sick people in their homes has reached a point which no pre-war Nursing Association would have thought possible. An additional Home Nurse is now working in the district.

Training Centre for the Mentally Handicapped

The mentally handicapped will soon be transferred to a New Training Centre at Cliff Hills, Maltby. This will reward staff and pupils for the patience they have shown in the past two years under difficult conditions in the temporary premises at Maltby Church Hall.

Dental Clinics

School dental work is gravely affected by the national shortage of school dentists. Three fully equipped dental clinics are only used for occasional sessions.

Home Helps

Extra Home Helps are working in Kiveton Park Rural District this year and special attention is being given to the needs of maternal cases.

Sanitation

The Public Health Inspector deals fully with this subject later in the report.

In conclusion, I would like to comment upon the unfailing support of the Council for every proposal put forward to benefit the public health.

J. M. WATT

Medical Officer of Health

Council Offices,
Kiveton Park,
near Sheffield.

K I V E T O N P A R K R U R A L D I S T R I C T

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR

1959

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres	...	...	...	...	...	20,070
Population (estimated mid-1959)	...	...	...	...	...	19,010
Number of inhabited houses	...	...	...	...	...	6,320
Rateable value at 1.4.59	...	...	...	...	...	£194,707
Product of penny rate	...	...	...	...	...	£720

VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births	...	...	...	...	...	357
Live birth-rate (comparable) per 1,000 population						18.3
Still-births	...	...	...	...	...	8
Still-birth rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths ..						21.9
Total live and still-births	...	...	...	...	...	365
Infant Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	10
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births - total						28
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births -						
				Legitimate		28
				Illegitimate		-
Neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 live births ...						14
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births						3.7
Maternal Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	-
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths						-
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	188
Death-rate (comparable) per 1,000 population	...					10.9

Population

The Registrar General's estimate of the population as at 30th June 1959, was 19,010. The number of houses in the Rural area was 6,161. This gives an average of 3.085 persons per house and on this basis the estimated population for each parish is shown below:-

PARISH	No. of Houses	Population
Anston	1,112	3,432
Dinnington St. John's	2,259	6,968
Firbeck	83	256
Gildingwells	23	71
Harthill-with-Woodall	490	1,512
Letwell	34	105
Thorpe Salvin	111	342
Todwick	135	408
Wales	1,738	5,363
Woodsetts	176	543
Totals	6,161	19,010

Births

A total of 357 live births were notified to the Kiveton Park Rural District during 1959. This gave a crude rate of 18.7 per thousand and a comparable rate of 18.3 per thousand population.

The stillbirth rate for the same period was 21.9 per thousand live and stillbirths; 8 stillbirths having been recorded.

PARISH DISTRIBUTION OF LIVE AND STILLBIRTHS

PARISH	Live Births	Stillbirths
Anston	58	1
Dinnington St. John's	148	5
Firbeck	6	-
Harthill-with-Woodall	13	-
Letwell	1	-
Thorpe Salvin	7	-
Todwick	6	-
Wales	110	2
Woodsetts	8	-
Totals	357	8

Institutional Confinements

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Number of Confinements</u>
Listerdale Maternity Home, Wickersley	33
Jessop Hospital, Sheffield	55
Moorgate General Hospital, Rotherham	33
Worksop Kilton Hospital	8
Sharrow Heag Nursing Home	1
Claremont Nursing Home	2
Nether Edge Hospital, Sheffield	4
Total	<u>136</u>

Domiciliary and Institutional Births (Divisional Table)

DETAILS	B I R T H S				TOTAL
	<u>Domiciliary</u>		<u>Institutional</u>		
	<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>	<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>	
Primary notifications received	1,106	10	578	12	1,706
Inward transfers	19	-	465	31	515
Total notifications received	1,125	10	1,043	43	2,221
Outward transfers	18	-	348	6	372
Total adjusted notifications	1,107	10	695	37	1,849

Analysis of Institutional Births:-

		<u>Live</u>	<u>Still</u>
Born in (a)	Hospitals	429	31
(b)	Maternity Homes	243	5
(c)	Nursing Homes	23	1
	Totals -	<u>695</u>	<u>37</u>

Administration of Gas and Air Analgesia

Cases where analgesia was administered by Domiciliary Midwives:-

(Divisional Table)

	<u>Pethidine</u>	<u>Gas and Air</u>	
	<u>Alone</u>	<u>Alone</u>	<u>With Pethidine</u>
When doctor was present at delivery	47	13	15
When doctor was not present at delivery	388	89	218

Institutional Births

The hospitals and maternity homes ask for home circumstances reports on any cases applying for admission on which the hospital authority require further information. The patients' homes are visited by a Health Visitor who submits her reports to me; as a result I can then give my recommendations to the hospital or maternity home on Form O.P.M.9

Cases investigated during 1958 and 1959:-

	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Moorgate General Hospital	65	68
Listerdale Maternity Home	14	119
Totals -	<u>79</u>	<u>187</u>

SUMMARY OF CASES ATTENDED BY MIDWIVES (Divisional Table)

Name of Midwife	Summary of Cases						Ante-natal Visits	Labour				Post-natal Visits	
	New Bookings	Removals from Register						Total Cases	Details of Deliveries			Hospital Cases	Total Visits
		Completed	Mis-carriage or Abortion	Removals	Transfers to Hosp.	Dr. not bkd.			Not Present				
						Present				Not Present			
Miss M. Brennan.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1,530
Mrs. N. Butterfield	134	119	3	17	5	144	94	41	9	41	41	33	1,719
Mrs. F. E. Daniels	71	41	-	4	3	48	70	7	9	7	54	11	1,531
Miss E. Hemingway	90	74	-	-	11	85	72	7	7	7	58	51	1,295
*Mrs. J. M. Hibbert	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	21	12	1,110
Mrs. C. King	87	76	-	5	9	90	104	18	40	40	40	16	2,144
Miss M. J. Mee	15	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	1	1	54
Miss R. M. Meredith	102	82	-	-	20	102	63	16	6	41	41	49	1,089
Mrs. E. Mozley	111	102	-	2	12	116	81	14	28	38	60	60	1,547
*Mrs. C. Mynett	3	7	-	-	-	7	74	14	5	55	15	15	1,510
Miss W. E. Payne	93	86	-	4	10	100	73	7	15	50	27	27	1,442
Mrs. E. Perkins	130	115	-	1	19	135	80	6	33	41	38	38	1,557
Mrs. I. Spencer	59	52	-	1	6	59	32	8	1	23	22	22	673
Mrs. M. Street	81	55	2	3	9	69	57	3	9	43	31	31	1,139
*Mrs. H. Tyers	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	10	-	86	38	38	2,022
Mrs. M. T. Whiteley	103	101	-	2	16	119	67	6	2	59	25	25	1,561
Mrs. V. H. Wildsmith	53	39	1	5	10	55	42	3	10	29	64	64	604
Mrs. S. J. G. Williams	77	62	-	-	7	69	70	5	13	51	1	1	1,532
Cases attended by Wath Midwives:-	-	-	-	-	3	3	13	-	7	6	1	1	193
Totals:	1,209	1,012	6	44	140	1,202	1,121	14	202	167	738	545	24,252

/ On midwifery temporarily

* Relief Midwives

Statutory Notices (Divisional Table)

The following statutory notices were received from midwives:-

Death of child	...	...	...	...	...	3
Stillbirths	...	...	...	...	...	12
Laying-out dead	...	...	...	...	...	1
Artificial feeding	...	...	...	...	...	207
Liability to be source of infection:-						
Contact with puerperal pyrexia cases	...	...	...	...	...	4
Contact with other conditions	...	...	...	...	...	10
Medical Aid	...	...	...	...	...	149

Medical Aid (Divisional Table)

General practitioners were called to give medical aid at, or in connection with, domiciliary confinements in 149 instances, as analysed below:-

Pregnancy	...	...	...	41
Labour	...	...	...	61
Lying-in	...	...	...	29
Child	...	...	...	<u>18</u>

Dental Treatment of Expectant and Nursing Mothers

59 expectant and nursing mothers from the Kiveton Park Rural District received dental treatment under the West Riding scheme during 1959.

Ante-Natal Clinic

Attendances during 1959

CLINIC	No. of women who attended during year	Total number of attendances made
DINNINGTON	40	221

Ophthalmia Neonatorum

No cases were notified from the Division during 1959.

Care of the Unmarried Mother and Her Child

45 Cases were reported and dealt with in the Division during 1959.

15 mothers were under 20 years, 22 were 20 to 30 years and 8 were over 30 years.

37 were single women and 8 of these women had had previous pregnancies.

8 were married women, but had illegitimate pregnancies.

Settlement of these cases was as follows:-

- 25 mothers kept their babies.
- 5 babies were taken by grandparents.
- 2 babies were adopted.
- 1 baby was fostered.
- 4 babies died.
- 1 case was settled by marriage.
- 7 cases were referred elsewhere for attention.

**SUMMARY OF VISITS PAID BY HEALTH VISITORS
AND CLINICS ATTENDED** (Divisional Table)

HEALTH VISITOR	No. of families visited for the first time	No. of children under 5 visited for first time	HEALTH VISITING										CLINICS ATTENDED						
			1st Visits	Re-Visits	Children Aged			Tuberculosis Household Visits	Other Cases - Total Visits	I.H.A.				Specialist	School				
					1st Visits	Re-Visits	Total Visits			Total Visits	Maternity & Child Welfare	Immun. & Vaccinations	Parentcraft in Schools			Chest	Other	Minor Ailments	Special Defects
Miss P. Adkins	106	131	3	1	28	38	34	100	-	17	25	3	-	-	-	1	6	1	
Mrs. J. R. Barron	400	478	15	1	180	234	201	209	-	70	32	24	3	-	-	1	32	1	
Mrs. O. Berger	-	-	17	-	104	16	31	64	-	38	90	50	-	-	-	21	19	4	
Mrs. M. K. Black	368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123	2,073	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miss J. Cheetham	447	527	57	21	250	398	372	388	4	196	98	52	-	-	-	2	2	5	
Mrs. E. Ellis	202	268	18	-	160	35	77	169	-	84	157	61	2	-	-	18	18	7	
Miss G. Flinton	38	-	2	2	12	15	1	1	-	4	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mrs. F. E. Hollingsworth	6	10	-	-	4	3	4	4	-	1	80	28	-	-	-	16	35	-	
Mrs. V. M. Hopkinson	82	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	726	13	32	-	-	-	34	1	1	
Miss A. Lawler	990	746	107	33	305	423	217	164	-	356	129	-	-	-	-	53	1	1	
Miss M. K. Moloney	596	562	23	1	152	759	586	287	-	263	132	16	-	-	-	8	12	7	
Miss I. Noble	509	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mrs. N. Priestley	26	3	4	-	2	1	-	8	-	4	75	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mrs. L. W. Roberts	141	249	44	12	95	713	523	612	-	75	80	29	-	-	-	10	42	5	
Mrs. M. Shaw	131	123	4	13	72	162	107	145	-	57	127	34	8	-	-	46	31	1	
Miss E. Short	408	442	10	5	270	271	119	72	-	41	91	43	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Mrs. H. B. Stockwell	498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,253	478	64	1	-	22	25	-	-	-	
Miss M. J. Thorpe	152	220	7	-	71	211	191	231	-	63	46	14	-	-	4	-	-	1	
Mrs. M. Wareing	27	-	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mrs. C. M. Wharton	228	257	22	9	104	249	184	209	-	93	166	33	-	-	-	18	28	7	
Totals:	5,355	4,020	345	99	1,809	3,528	2,647	2,663	2,380	9,471	1,499	535	13	22	257	228	421		

7 Transferred to Division 26
x Resigned July, 1959.

* Part-time Assistant Health Visitors
o Assistant Health Visitors

(N.B. See section on School Medical Services for remainder of Health Visitors' work, i.e. on school nursing)

INFANT WELFARE CENTRES

CENTRE	No. of children who at their first attendance were under 1 year of age.	No. of children who attended during the year and who were born in			Total No. of children who attended during the year	No. of attendances during the year made by children who at the date of attendance were			Total attendances during the year.
		1958	1957	1956-1953		Under 1 yr.	1 but 2 under 5		
DUNNINGTON	102	102	104	63	269	1,929	236	64	2,229
KIVETON PARK	93	40	113	17	170	1,731	199	15	1,945
*MOBILE CLINIC	186	155	118	53	326	1,622	340	161	2,123
TOTALS	381	297	335	133	765	5,282	775	240	6,297

* These figures include attendances made by children in the Rotherham Rural District.

Deaths

188 deaths were recorded by the Registrar General for allocation to the Kiveton Park Rural District for the year under review. The causes and sex distribution were as follows:-

<u>Causes of Death</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	1	1
Syphilitic disease	1	-	1
Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	1	1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	2	3	5
Malignant neoplasm, lung and bronchus	7	-	7
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	1	1
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	1	1
Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	7	2	9
Vascular lesions of nervous system	15	16	31
Coronary disease, angina	23	15	38
Hypertension, with heart disease	3	1	4
Other heart disease	13	9	22
Other circulatory disease	3	1	4
Influenza	1	1	2
Pneumonia	2	6	8
Bronchitis	9	6	15
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	1	3
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	-	1
Nephritis and nephrosis	1	-	1
Hyperplasia of prostate	1	-	1
Congenital malformations	1	1	2
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	9	7	16
Motor vehicle accidents	4	-	4
All other accidents	6	2	8
Suicide	1	1	2
Totals -	<u>112</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>188</u>

The crude death-rate was 9.5 per thousand.

Deaths (Continued)

Infant Deaths

10 infants under one year of age died in 1959. The infant death-rate was 28 per thousand live births.

Particulars of infant deaths:-

<u>Birth Weight</u>	<u>Age at Death</u>	<u>Cause of Death</u>
7 lbs.	5 months	Acute primary pneumonia.
8 lbs.	6 months	Broncho-pneumonia. Acute Bronchitis.
8 lbs. 4 ozs.	2 months	Congenital heart disease.
6 lbs. 4 ozs.	4 days	Congenital heart disease.
7 lbs.	1 day	Intracranial Haemorrhage. Atelectasis.
6 lbs. 4 ozs.	4 months	Acute tracheo-bronchitis.
6 lbs. 4 ozs.	9 months	Cerebral Anoxia. Hypostasis. Acute bronchitis. Mongolian idiocy with amblyopia.
3 lbs.	45 minutes	Pulmonary atelectasis. Prematurity.
1 lb. 14 ozs.	1 day	Respiratory failure. Prematurity.
4 lbs. 3 ozs.	1 day	Pulmonary atelectasis. Prematurity.

Of the 10, only 5 lived more than four weeks. The neo-natal mortality rate was 14 per thousand live births.

Trend of Infant Deaths over the Past Ten Years:-

YEAR	Live Births	Infant Deaths	Infant Death Rates
1950	310	15	48
1951	291	9	31
1952	314	9	28
1953	297	7	23
1954	297	10	34
1955	326	12	37
1956	378	9	24
1957	422	12	28
1958	376	13	34
1959	357	10	28

Infectious Diseases

Age Distribution of Infectious Diseases Notified During 1959

DISEASE	Age in Years										Total
	Under 1yr	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5-9 yrs.	10-14 yrs.	14-24 yrs.	25 & Over	Age Unknown	
Measles	6	22	49	28	33	125	10	3	-	2	278
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Scarlet Fever	-	-	3	4	7	42	27	1	-	-	84
Meningococcal infection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

Disease	Age in Years						Total
	Under 5yrs	5-14 yrs.	15-44 yrs	45-64 yrs	65 & Over	Age Unknown	
Pneumonia	3	4	4	1	1	-	13
Puerperal pyrexia	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Food Poisoning	2	-	-	-	-	-	2

Parish Distribution of Infectious Diseases

Parish	Measles	Whooping cough	Scarlet fever	Pneumonia	Puerperal Pyrexia	Food Poisoning	Meningococcal
Anston	33	1	20	1	-	-	1
Dinnington St. John's	171	-	51	11	-	1	-
Firbeck	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gildingwells	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harthill-with-Woodall	34	-	1	-	-	-	-
Letwell,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thorpe Salvin	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Todwick	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wales	16	-	9	1	1	-	-
Woodsetts	10	-	3	-	-	1	-
Totals -	278	1	84	13	1	2	1

Infectious Diseases (Continued)

Quarterly Incidence of Infectious Diseases

QUARTER	Scarlet fever	Whooping cough	Measles	Pneumonia	Food Poisoning	Puerperal Pyrexia
January to March	19	-	127	7	2	-
April to June	34	-	131	-	-	-
July to September	11	-	20	3	-	-
October to December	20	1	-	3	-	1

Tuberculosis

	Males	Pulmonary Females	Non-Pulmonary Males	Non-Pulmonary Females
Number of cases on register at 1st January, 1959	67	35	11	11
Number of cases added by notification	4	2	-	1
Number of cases added during the year, i.e. transfers in etc.	-	2	-	-
Number of cases removed during the year	5	11	-	2
Number of cases on register at 31st December, 1959	66	28	11	10

Domiciliary Visiting

2,380 effective visits plus 164 ineffective visits were made to households of tuberculous patients during the year. From these visits, recommendations were made for cases to receive free milk. Where appropriate, application was made to the Tuberculosis Care Committee or the National Assistance Board for grants in cash or kind. Contacts were advised to attend the Chest Clinic when sent for, the Consultant Chest Physician having been supplied with a report on household circumstances and details of all contacts.

Extra Nourishment for Tuberculosis Cases:-

Number of patients in the Division receiving extra nourishment on 1st January, 1959	75
Number of patients granted extra nourishment during the year	24
Number of grants discontinued	29
Number of patients receiving extra nourishment on 31st December, 1959	70

Tuberculosis (Continued)

B.C.G. Vaccination

Contact Scheme - I am grateful to Dr. A. C. Morrison, the Consultant Chest Physician, for the following details of people vaccinated at the Chest Clinic as contacts of known cases of tuberculosis:-

(Divisional Table)

	A G E G R O U P S											All Ages
	Under 1 year Months			YEARS								
	1-	3-	6-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-	20-	
Vaccinated:												
Male	4	7	3	6	7	5	2	19	12	-	-	65
Female	2	-	1	8	5	7	4	15	7	1	2	52
Total	6	7	4	14	12	12	6	34	19	1	2	117
Result of Vaccination:												
Successful												
Male	2	4	2	6	5	5	2	17	10	-	-	53
Female	2	-	1	7	5	5	4	15	6	1	1	47
Total	4	4	3	13	10	10	6	32	16	1	1	100
Unsuccessful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not finally ascertained	2	3	1	1	2	2	-	2	3	-	1	17

Contact Scheme

Three children were segregated as contacts following B.C.G. vaccination by admission to Oakwood Grange Nursery.

B.C.G. Vaccination of 13 Year-old School Children (Divisional Figures)

Acceptances

Number of 13 year-old children eligible for vaccination during the year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,646
Number of acceptances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	751
Percentage of acceptances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46%

Pre-vaccination Tuberculin Test

Number of children tested	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	751
Result of Test:-									
Positive	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	173
Negative	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	546
Not ascertained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
Percentage positive	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24%

Vaccination

Number vaccinated	546
-------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Care and After-Care

The Rotherham Tuberculosis Care Committee continues to cover the divisional area, excluding Brampton Bierlow, which is included in the purview of the Mexborough Chest Clinic. A grant is made by the West Riding County Council each year and this, together with the proceeds from Christmas Seal sales, etc., help to provide essential help for more needy cases.

Immunisation and Vaccination

(Kiveton Park Rural District)

Diphtheria

	<u>Protective</u>	<u>Refresher</u>	<u>Total</u>
Number of children under 1 year immunised during 1959	132	-	132
Number of children immunised from 1 to 4 years	57	-	57
Number of children immunised 5 years & over	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>
Totals -	<u>191</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>194</u>

Whooping Cough

Number of children under 1 year immunised during 1959	131	-	131
Number of children immunised from 1 to 4 years	49	1	50
Number of children immunised 5 years & over	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>
Totals -	<u>182</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>184</u>

Tetanus (Triple and Combined)

Number of children immunised under 1 year during 1959	115	-	115
Number of children immunised from 1 to 4 years	47	-	47
Number of children immunised 5 years & over	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
Totals -	<u>163</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>164</u>

Smallpox

Number of children under 1 year vaccinated during 1959	68	-	68
Number of children vaccinated from 1 to 4 years	17	-	17
Number of children vaccinated 5 years & over	<u>8</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>20</u>
Totals -	<u>93</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>105</u>

Poliomyelitis (Divisional Figures)

	<u>All groups</u>
Number of persons vaccinated (2nd injections)	8,301
Number of persons vaccinated (3rd injections)	14,121
Total number of persons having received third injections since introduction of the scheme	16,424

School Health Service (Continued)

School Medical Inspections

Kiveton Park Rural District

Age Groups Inspected	No. of Pupils Inspected	Physical Condition of Pupils	
		No. found Satisfactory	No. found Unsatisfactory
1955	-	-	-
1954	114	114	-
1953	234	234	-
1952	224	224	-
1951	189	189	-
1950	211	210	1
1949	152	152	-
1948	66	65	1
1947	19	19	-
1946	-	-	-
1945	116	115	1
1944	116	116	-
Totals -	1,441	1,438	3

Number of children seen at special inspections ... 144

(Divisional Table)

Age Groups Inspected (by years of birth)	No. of pupils Inspected	Physical Condition of Pupils	
		No. found Satisfactory	No. found Unsatisfactory
1955 and later	44	44	-
1954	484	484	-
1953	1,063	1,059	4
1952	801	800	1
1951	543	543	-
1950	668	666	2
1949	395	394	1
1948	359	357	2
1947	597	597	-
1946	400	399	1
1945	652	651	1
1944 and earlier	232	232	-
Totals -	6,238	6,226	12

School Health Service (Continued)

Defects Found at Periodic Medical Inspections during the Year

(Divisional Table)

Defect or Disease	PERIODIC INSPECTIONS							
	ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTAL	
	T.	O.	T.	O.	T.	O.	T.	O.
Skin	12	36	6	4	17	50	35	90
Eyes - a. Vision	30	126	22	85	153	610	205	821
b. Squint	16	31	4	4	25	61	45	96
c. Other	3	13	-	3	2	29	5	45
Ears - a. Hearing	11	79	1	9	9	75	21	163
b. Otitis Media	8	27	5	4	14	55	27	86
c. Other	5	12	2	2	4	14	11	28
Nose and Throat	38	160	2	9	32	154	72	323
Speech	4	77	-	1	8	33	12	111
Lymphatic Glands	2	60	-	2	11	78	13	140
Heart	1	29	1	5	2	66	4	100
Lungs	2	82	-	9	2	127	4	218
Developmental -								
a. Hernia	6	11	-	-	5	21	11	32
b. Other	2	41	-	7	6	76	8	124
Orthopaedic -								
a. Posture	-	4	1	8	2	24	3	36
b. Feet	12	28	2	12	16	96	30	136
c. Other	4	40	1	14	2	87	7	141
Nervous System -								
a. Epilepsy	2	1	1	2	3	11	6	14
b. Other	-	3	-	-	1	11	1	14
Psychological -								
a. Development	1	22	-	2	1	43	2	67
b. Stability	-	27	-	1	5	27	5	55
Abdomen	3	24	-	5	-	73	3	102
Other	12	25	8	10	10	63	30	98

T. Treatment

O. Observation

Cleanliness of School Children

A total of 10,924 children were examined by Health Visitors and School Nurses at cleanliness surveys in schools. 494 were found to have head nits.

Diseases of the Skin

During the year, 20 children were treated for impetigo and 18 for other skin conditions.

Minor Ailments

1,264 pupils received treatment for minor ailments during 1959.

School Health Service (Continued)

Specialists' Clinics - Kiveton Park Rural District

Ear, Nose & Throat Clinic

Number of children seen	School	...	...	...	...	26
	Preschool	...	...	...	...	nil
Number referred for operative treatment		...	...	...	...	11

Orthopaedic Clinic

Number of children seen	School	...	...	...	...	3
	Preschool	...	...	...	...	nil

Ophthalmic Clinic

Number of children seen	...	...	...	...	...	160
Number of children prescribed glasses	...	...	...	...	...	107

Paediatric Clinic

Number of children seen	School	...	...	...	...	6
	Preschool	...	...	...	...	nil

Child Guidance Clinic

Number of children seen	4
-------------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

Speech Therapy Clinic

Number of children seen - 13

Defects of articulation	...	...	...	...	7
Stammering	...	...	...	...	6

Convalescent Home Treatment

Arrangements were made for 10 children from the Division between the age of 5 years and 12 years to go to the Filey Convalescent Home for periods of two weeks each.

Training Colleges - Medical Examination of Entrants

42 entrants for Training Colleges were examined and reports submitted to the appropriate colleges.

Children and Young Persons Act, 1933 (Employment of Children)

The above Act requires children to be medically examined to decide their fitness for employment in entertainments or newspaper deliveries, etc. 75 children were examined under these regulations.

Home Nursing Service

62,052 visits were made during 1959 by the Home Nurses, 31,179 of which were for injections only.

See following page for further details of the Home Nursing Service.

HOME NURSING SERVICE

Summary of Work Carried Out During the Year (Divisional Table)

HOME NURSE	V I S I T S													Nurse's Total
	New Cases (Total)	Cases Discontinued	Classification								Area Total	Relief Visits by other nurses	Visits on Relief	
			Age Groups					MC						
			0-5	5-65	65+	M	S		ID	TB				
Mrs. E. Barford	142	96	18	2,995	2,182	2,733	1,225	-	1,174	63	5,195	1,490	412	4,177
Mrs. J. Bladen	31	24	35	168	654	635	178	-	44	-	857	157	-	700
Miss M. Brennan	167	151	35	1,293	1,189	1,644	694	-	30	149	2,517	2,517	-	-
Mrs. D. Cooper	182	151	80	244	2,205	1,739	951	-	2,024	25	4,739	1,264	723	4,198
Mrs. J. L. Dukes	71	51	18	1,273	1,611	2,460	325	-	98	19	2,902	1,100	1,546	3,348
Mrs. K. Hale	60	56	209	899	1,083	1,736	240	-	215	-	2,191	820	886	2,257
Mrs. I. Kay	88	58	41	1,692	1,288	1,491	861	-	641	28	3,021	1,145	1,814	3,690
Mrs. G. D. Lines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,802	2,802
Mrs. M. E. Lannon	43	39	51	537	1,297	1,400	356	-	129	-	1,885	545	-	1,340
Miss B. Palmer	131	111	220	1,673	1,691	2,214	554	-	741	75	3,584	786	1,789	4,587
Mrs. M. Parker	88	68	41	1,633	1,510	2,447	661	-	47	29	3,184	678	590	3,096
Mrs. M. E. Parkin	144	124	154	1,798	2,583	3,397	452	-	682	4	4,535	1,804	1,460	4,191
Mrs. M. M. Rigden	238	187	72	2,691	2,868	4,650	1,197	-	784	-	6,631	2,221	153	4,563
Mrs. A. Roberts	150	120	31	2,100	2,660	3,180	1,285	-	326	-	4,791	1,544	-	3,247
Mrs. M. Stokes	105	99	-	2,219	1,763	2,824	784	-	362	12	3,982	1,350	323	2,955
Mrs. C. Taylor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,810	3,810
Mrs. J. Tordoff	184	158	29	2,531	3,211	4,245	763	-	763	-	5,771	1,578	130	4,323
Mrs. H. M. Trimble	170	175	153	2,278	2,852	4,111	455	-	717	-	5,283	1,483	229	4,029
Mrs. M. A. Wagstaff	37	18	-	722	262	227	524	81	152	-	984	364	899	1,519
Mrs. L. E. Woolley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,220	3,220
Totals:	2,031	1,686	1,187	28,956	31,909	41,133	11,505	81	8,929	404	62,052	20,846	20,846	62,052

@ On midwifery temporarily
 / On Courses part of year
 x Resigned July
 * Relief Home Nurses

M. Medical
 S. Surgical

I.D. Infectious Diseases
 T.B. Tuberculosis

M.C. Maternity Cases

Home Help Service

(Divisional Table)

Number of Home Helps employed in the Division at 31.12.59 ... 86

Cases provided with domestic help during the year:-

Type of Case	Number of Cases			Hours Employed
	From previous year	New Cases	Total	
Maternity (including expectant mothers)	8	123	131	10,917 $\frac{1}{4}$
Tuberculosis	7	3	10	4,898 $\frac{3}{4}$
Chronic sick:-				
65 years and over	186	102	288	69,147 $\frac{3}{4}$
Under 65 years	12	17	29	6,656 $\frac{1}{4}$
Others	4	24	28	3,063 $\frac{1}{2}$
TOTALS -	217	269	486	94,683 $\frac{1}{2}$

Ambulance Service

The following figures were provided by the County Ambulance Officer:-

Vehicles AvailableMaltby Depot

3 ambulances

1 ambulance, sitting bus

Kiveton Park Depot

1 ambulance

Patients:-

Out-Patients	...	...	...	...	...	17,596
Admissions	...	...	...	...	...	1,798
Discharges	...	...	...	...	...	1,016
Transfers	...	...	...	...	...	61
Accidents	...	...	...	...	...	335
Total -						20,806
Stretcher cases	...	...	...	...	...	2,247
Sitting cases	...	...	...	...	...	18,559
Total -						20,806
Emergency cases included in above	...	...	...	...	...	1,114

Convalescent Home Treatment

During the year, 7 cases were sent to Convalescent Homes on the family doctors' recommendations.

Analysis of Cases :-

Disseminated Sclerosis	...	...	...	1
Influenza and Anaemia	...	...	...	1
Bronchiectasis	...	...	...	1
Ulcerative Colitis	...	...	...	1
Anaemia	...	...	...	1
Neurosis and Debility	...	...	...	2

Mental Health Service

Particulars of cases reported during 1959

	Under age 16		Aged 16 and over	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Cases ascertained to be defectives "subject to be dealt with" -				
Number in which action taken on reports by:-				
(1) Local Education Authorities on children:				
(i) while at school or liable to attend school	13	1	-	-
(ii) on leaving special schools	-	-	1	1
(iii) on leaving ordinary schools	2	1	1	-
(2) Police or by Courts	-	-	1	-
(3) Other sources	-	-	-	2
Totals-	15	2	3	3

Total Cases on Authority's Registers at 31.12.59

(i) Under Statutory Supervision	37	22	58	61
(ii) Under Guardianship (including patients on licence)	-	-	-	-
(iii) In "Places of Safety"	-	-	-	-
(iv) In Hospitals	-	-	3	1
(v) Under Voluntary Supervision	-	-	10	16
Totals -	37	22	71	78

Number of cases considered suitable for:-

(i) occupation centre	27	14	-	22
(ii) industrial centre	-	-	21	-
(iii) home training	-	1	1	-
Totals -	27	15	22	22

Number of cases receiving training on 31.12.59:-

(i) In County Occupation Centre	18	13	5	12
(ii) In Non-County Centres	-	-	-	-
(iii) In industrial centre	-	-	-	-
(iv) From a home teacher	-	-	-	-
TOTALS:	18	13	5	12

Where employment has been involved, my Social Worker has prevailed upon the Employment Officers concerned to show extra understanding of the patients' needs and co-operation has been elicited from employers. The patients have been helped and encouraged to respond to these efforts.

Domestic difficulties are most prevalent and my Social Worker has encouraged family conferences and co-operation to produce sympathy and understanding of all aspects. Visits have been made to individual members of the household in efforts

Mental Health Service (Continued)

to obtain the true circumstances and probable cause of the patient's illness or obstruction to recovery and relief.

The patients are encouraged to take an interest in life outside their own homes.

Occupation Centre

Good work was done under great difficulties in the temporary centre at Maltby, the staff being buoyed up with the knowledge that the distractions and inconveniences due to three classes sharing a Church Hall would end when the building of the new occupation centre was finished in 1960.

Open Days for parents were held in May and December, at which the pupils gave short plays.

Nine children made weekly visits to Maltby Council's Open-Air Swimming Baths.

Social functions included a seaside trip to Mablethorpe in June and a Christmas Party given by the Maltby Youth Club in December.

The daily curriculum of the Occupation Centre included instructions in the following:-

Personal hygiene	Time Telling
Sense Training	Handwork
Speech Training	Domestic Work
Colours and Counting	
Sport Instruction.	

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S REPORT

Nuisance Inspections

Notices for abatement of Nuisances:-

	<u>Outstanding at 31.12.58</u>	<u>Issued in 1959</u>	<u>Abated in 1959</u>	<u>Outstanding at 31.12.59</u>
Informal	22	352	349	3
Statutory	-	1	1	-

Number of cases in which legal proceedings were taken - Nil.

Drainage and Sewerage

During the year agreement was reached with the Worksop Rural District Council on the conditions under which the sewage from the proposed sewage scheme at Firbeck would be accepted to the Hodsock Sewage Disposal Works. By the end of the year, both Authorities were in a position to proceed further and a date was fixed early in 1960 at which an Inspector from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government would examine the proposed joint scheme.

The Council also decided to press forward with a scheme which would provide a sewer and pumping station for Woodall. The Council's Consulting Engineers presented a revised estimate of the cost of this scheme which was £13,325. Ministerial approval was obtained and at the year end the Council was ready to invite tenders for the work.

The East Midlands Gas Board completed the erection of a Plant for the production of gas from oil at the Gas Works, Rotherham Road, Dinnington. The Council's Surveyor reported that the process produced a very strong effluent which the Dinnington Sewage disposal works was unable to deal with unless the capacity of the works was substantially increased.

The Gas Board provisionally agreed to dispose of the effluent elsewhere until the extensions were completed, but later requested that a maximum of 50% of the effluent should be accepted. The Council was unable to accede to this request. Later in the year, the Council was informed that owing to the complex composition of the effluent the Consulting Chemists were unable to advise the Consulting Engineers of the amount of increased capacity required. Consequently it was agreed that small amounts of the effluent should be treated at the works on an experimental basis to find what extra capacity was required. The Council agreed to the experiment on the understanding that the existing plant should be safeguarded against damage. Authority was given to purchase additional land on which the proposed extensions were to be constructed.

Houses (percentage of total) connected to sewers	...	93.47
do. with satisfactory private drainage	...	4.63
do. with unsatisfactory drainage	...	1.90

Sanitary Accommodation

Houses (percentage of total) provided with water closets	...	97.33
do. provided with waste water or trough closets	...	nil
do. provided with chemical closets	...	nil
do. provided with earth or pail closets	...	2.67
No. of earth closets, etc., converted to water closets	...	2
No. of houses served with earth closets, etc., due to lack of sewer or water facilities	...	169

Sanitary Accommodation (Continued)

Any special action taken to secure conversion of earth closets etc., - Conversion of earth closets in Firbeck Village and Woodall when new sewerage schemes are completed.

Water Supply

All but eight houses in the district are connected to the Council's water supply. These are isolated farms and cottages situated long distances from the nearest main supply. It is extremely doubtful if it will be possible to supply these houses at any time in the future.

Sheffield Corporation supplies the bulk of the water in the district and until such time as amalgamation with the Corporation's Water Department, the Council will be responsible for the distribution.

The hot, dry summer provided some anxious moments as the levels of the impounding reservoirs fell lower and lower. The local people responded well to appeals to save water and the use of hose pipes was forbidden for the greater part of the year. The position became so serious that the Council sought Ministerial approval for the erection of standpipes. Fortunately, it was not necessary to introduce the use of standpipes, but even at the end of the year, restrictions were still in force. Alternative natural sources of supply were examined with a view to using them if the situation required it. Two samples from the Town Wells at North Anston proved to be unsatisfactory and one satisfactory and one unsatisfactory sample was obtained from the Woodsetts Spring. Two samples of mains supply proved to be satisfactory, but an unsatisfactory sample was obtained from a land spring service to a house at Thorpe Locks.

Two samples of drinking water were taken for plumbo-solvency tests and no adverse report was received.

Public supplies:-

Water Undertaker	Nature/origin of supply	Number of dwellings supplied
Sheffield Corporation	Upland Surface water	6,304
Worksop R.D.C.	bore hole	2
Doncaster & Tickhill Water Board	-do-	4
Maltby U.D.C.	Upland Surface water	2
	Totals:	6,312

Percentage of dwelling houses on public supplies ... 99.87%

Number of houses not supplied from public mains, but having a satisfactory private and piped supply of water ... nil

No of samples examined:-

	Chemical		Plumbo-Solvency		Bacteriological	
	Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.
Public Supply	-	-	2	-	2	-
Private Supply	-	-	-	-	1	4
Totals	-	-	2	-	3	4

Milk Supply - Licensing

Dealers

Supplementary

No. of registered milk distributors
(non-specified areas)

43

3

Milk Supply (Continued)

	Dealers	Supplementary
No. of licences for sale of Tuberculin Tested Milk	20	3
do. Pasteurised Milk	21	3
do. Sterilised Milk	22	2

Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955, and Ice-Cream

(i) No. of food premises in the area:-

(a) Catering establishments 14 (b) Bakehouses 3 (c) Other Food Shops 154

(ii) No. of food premises registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955:-

(a) Ice-Cream

(i) Manufacturers - 1 (ii) Retailers - 64

(b) Sausages, Potted or Preserved Foods - 15.

(iii) Sampling

Bacteriological examination:-	Ice-Cream	Iced Lollics	Imitation Cream
No. submitted	3	-	-
No. satisfactory	3	-	-

(iv) Any action taken with regard to ice-cream under Sections 22 and 23, Food and Drugs Act, 1955? - None

(v) Any new educational activities and the progress of established schemes? - None.

It was not found to be necessary to prosecute any food trader for contravention of these Regulations. A complaint was received from a ratepayer that she had purchased an unsound meat pie from a local butcher. The pie had been manufactured locally and the incident occurred during a spell of extremely hot weather. The butcher concerned was warned that any further complaint would result in a prosecution and he was asked to improve his food display arrangements.

Meat Inspection

The figures of animals slaughtered and inspected show an increase on the figures for the previous year. As indicated in the Annual Report for 1958, the Bacon Factory at Todwick would not be in full production until this year. The number of pigs killed was 6,160 which is more than double the 1958 figure of 2,698. A large majority of these pigs were slaughtered at the Bacon Factory and much time was devoted to inspection outside normal office hours. As was to be expected, a particularly busy time occurred during the week before Christmas when slaughtering continued to a late hour on most days.

The animals slaughtered in the District were of a high quality generally and the number of total condemnations was small. For the first time the district became an "export authority" and the Council was able to claim a subsidy from the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food towards the cost of meat inspection. The subsidy is based on the number of units of animals slaughtered as compared with a population figure for the district.

The new regulations relating to slaughterhouse hygiene and cruelty to animals came into force on the 1st January, 1959, with the exception of those parts relating to slaughterhouse construction and equipment. These parts will

Meat Inspection (Continued)

come into operation after the Minister has considered the reports of local authorities on slaughterhouse facilities. During the year, all local authorities were instructed to prepare a report on existing slaughterhouse facilities in their districts and the 2nd November was the earliest date by which the report could be submitted. Each slaughterhouse in the district was examined and a detailed report on the condition made. The premises were then graded into the following classes:-

Premises complying with the Regulations	...	...	...	Nil
Premises not complying with the Regulations but which are expected to comply	...	...	...	3
Premises which are not expected to comply with the regulations	...	...	...	3
Premises not in use but which have been licensed within the previous 12 months	...	...	...	2

Consultations were held firstly with the occupiers of the premises and later with the national organisations interested.

In the report, the Council suggested that the 31st March 1961 as the date for the application of the new regulations. Two applications were received for licences for new slaughterhouses for inclusion in the report and it was anticipated that it would be ready for despatch in January 1960.

The following numbers of animals were inspected during the year:-

Cattle, excluding Cows	...	...	1,319
Cows	...	...	70
Calves	...	...	7
Sheep and Lambs	...	...	9,347
Pigs	...	...	6,160

The following numbers of organs and carcasses were found to be unfit for the reasons stated.

<u>Animal</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Reason Unfit</u>	<u>Number</u>
Bullock	Lungs	Tuberculosis	15
"	"	Abscesses	5
"	"	Cysts	3
"	"	Distomatosis	2
"	"	C. Bovis	1
"	Liver	Distomatosis	102
"	"	Abscesses	11
"	"	Tuberculosis	4
"	"	Cirrhosis	1
"	"	C. Bovis	1
"	"	Cysts	1
"	Head & Tongue	Actinmycosis	15
"	"	Tuberculosis	5
"	"	Abscesses	1
"	"	C. Bovis	3
"	Heart	"	1
"	Spleen	"	1
"	"	Tuberculosis	1
"	Thick Skirt	"	1
"	"	C. Bovis	1
"	Carcass & all Offal	Generalised T.B.	1
Heifer	Lungs	Tuberculosis	7
"	"	Abscesses	1
"	"	Pleurisy	1
"	Liver	Distomatosis	36
"	"	Abscesses	2
"	"	Tuberculosis	1
"	"	Melanosis	1
"	Head & Tongue	Actinomycosis	4

Meat Inspection (Continued)

Heifer	Head & Tongue	Tuberculosis	3
"	"	Abscesses	1
"	"	C. Bovis	1
Cow	Lungs	Tuberculosis	3
"	Liver	Distomatosis	15
"	"	Cavernous Angioma	1
"	Head & Tongue	Tuberculosis	2
"	"	Actinomycosis	3
"	Carcase & All Offal	Emaciation	1
Sheep	Liver	Distomatosis	42
"	Carcase & All Offal	Emaciation	13
"	"	Bruised and badly set	2
"	"	Fevered	1
"	"	Septicaemia	1
Pig	Lungs	Tuberculosis	8
"	"	Pleurisy	28
"	"	Pneumonia	14
"	"	Abscesses	1
"	Liver	Cirrhosis	73
"	"	Abscesses	22
"	"	Cysts	5
"	Head & Tongue	Tuberculosis	50
"	"	Abscesses	1
"	Carcase & All Offal	Tuberculosis	2
Sow	Liver	Cysts	1
"	Head & Tongue	Tuberculosis	9
"	Kidney	Abscesses	1

There are six slaughter houses in the District.

The following table summarises the number of carcasses found to be infected:-

<u>Total</u>	<u>Cattle, excluding Cows</u>	<u>Cows</u>	<u>Calves</u>	<u>Sheep & Lambs</u>	<u>Pigs</u>
Number of carcasses found to be infected	203	23	-	59	190
Number of carcasses infected with T.B.	27	3	-	-	70
Number of carcasses infected with other conditions	176	20	-	59	120
Number of carcasses inspected	1,319	70	7	9,347	6,160
Carcase and all offal condemned, T.B.	1	-	-	-	2
Carcase and all offal condemned, other causes	-	1	-	17	-
Percentages of total inspected and found to be infected with T.B.	2.05%	4.28%	-	-	1.14%

Canned Foods

The following amounts of canned foods were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered for destruction:-

179 Tins Fruit	171 Tins Tomatoes
17 Tins Evaporated Milk	14 Tins Salmon
12 Tins Peas	7 Tins Meat
3 Tins Crab	3 Tins Luncheon Meat
2 Tins Stew	2 Tins Corned Beef
2 Tins Baked Beans	1 Tin Pork Luncheon Meat
1 Tin Stewed Steak	1 Tin Chopped Pork.

64 Tins foreign imported canned meats weighing 193 lbs. were found to be unfit and were surrendered for destruction.

Other Foods

The following foodstuffs were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered for destruction:-

31 lbs. Cheese	2 $\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Luncheon Meat
10 lbs. Bacon	$\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Boiled Ham
	$\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Corned Beef

Rodent Control

The following table shows inspections and treatments carried out at various types of properties during the year:-

	Local Authority Premises	Dwelling Houses including Council Houses	All other including business premises	Agri- cultural premises
Total inspections carried out including re-inspections	70	450	121	293
No. of treatments for properties infected by -				
(a) Rats	15	27	17	5
(b) Mice	-	4	5	-
Total treatments carried out including re-treatments	15	31	22	5

It should be remembered that sewer treatments are not included in these figures and that this work occupies at least twelve weeks in any year.

The Council's sewers were treated twice during the year. Manholes known to be infested were baited with warfarin on the first, fourth and eighth days. The warfarin was mixed with an anti-mould compound and the treatment of each individual manhole was spread over a longer period than in previous years. This resulted in more effective clearance of rats from the sewer systems.

The Council's rodent operator was given the assistance of a youth who had recently left school. It is hoped that this young man will gain experience of the work over the next few years and will be able to replace the senior operator when he retires.

Public Cleansing Statistics

Collection of Refuse

The following amounts of refuse were collected from the various parishes during the year:-

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Dry Refuse</u>		<u>Wet Refuse</u>	
	<u>Lorry Loads</u>	<u>S.D. Loads</u>	<u>Lorry Loads</u>	<u>Tank Loads</u>
Anston	161	188	1	125
Dinnington St. John's	256	538	-	43
Firbeck	51	-	-	59
Gildingwells	25½	-	-	24
Harthill	227	-	49	12
Letwell	25½	-	-	-
Thorpe Salvin	84	-	-	46
Todwick	85	-	-	19
Wales	834	-	51	4
Woodsetts	89	-	-	6
Totals:	<u>1,838</u>	<u>726</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>338</u>

Disposal of Refuse - The refuse was disposed of as follows:-

<u>Refuse Tip</u>	<u>Dry Refuse</u>		<u>Wet Refuse</u>	
	<u>Lorry Loads</u>	<u>S.D. Loads</u>	<u>Lorry Loads</u>	<u>Tank Loads</u>
Gildingwells	33	-	-	-
North Anston	482	726	-	104
Red Hill	1,323	-	101	-
Farm Land	-	-	-	234
Totals:	<u>1,838</u>	<u>726</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>338</u>

Remarks

There was no change in the numbers of staff and vehicles employed in the collection of refuse. Trade refuse was collected from 19 premises at an annual charge of £1. 0. 0. each.

During the year, it became apparent that the refuse tip at Red Hill, Kiveton Park would be filled within the foreseeable future. Accordingly, arrangements were made to purchase a disused quarry situated to the east of the Depot yard at the rear of the Council offices. Arrangements for the purchase were completed by the year end. Arrangements were also made for the purchase of a small quarry near the sewage disposal works off Rackford Road, North Anston. A number of complaints were received of the tip fire at North Anston. The Council was told that until some mechanical means of fire fighting was obtained, little improvement could be effected.

During the year, it was becoming increasingly obvious that at least one new machine would be required. The Dennis vehicles were steadily deteriorating and a replacement would be required in 1960.

Storage of Petroleum Spirit

All the storage tanks more than 20 years old have now been tested and during the year modifications were taking place to ensure that all electrically operated pumps complied with the Home Office Code of Practice.

During the year, licences were issued in respect of 4 new applications to store petroleum spirit.

Clean Air Act, 1956

Industrial Smoke - There is no serious problem with regard to industrial smoke in the district. The National Coal Board's decision to erect a large installation to burn coal slurry caused concern. After consultation with the Board and fuel efficiency experts, the Council was assured that no problem would arise.

No prosecutions were made during the year under the Clean Air Act.

Colliery Spoilbanks - There are no acute problems arising from colliery spoil banks.

Swimming Baths and Bathing Pools

- | | |
|---|---|
| (i) No. of public swimming baths or pools ... None | (ii) No. of privately owned baths or pools open to the public ... 1 |
| (iii) No. of swimming baths exclusive to schools ... None | (iv) No. of paddling pools ... None |

There is one privately owned swimming bath at Firbeck Hospital. During the year, the filtering apparatus was thoroughly overhauled and the media renewed on the advice of the Health Department.

Moveable Dwellings

Two sites were licensed for caravans to be used for residential purposes. In both instances, only one caravan was involved and the occupiers were in the course of having houses constructed. Another site was licensed for use by a steel erector whose employment necessitates moving about the country.

In the earlier part of the year, Throapham Common was used extensively by itinerant van dwellers. The Council finally decided to adopt the relevant provisions of the West Riding (General Powers) Act, 1951, in an effort to curb their activities in this area. On the 28th September, the Council obtained from the local magistrates an Order prohibiting the use of this land for camping purposes. The terms of the Order were violated only once and it was found possible to move the offending caravan without prosecution.

One prosecution was instituted against a caravan dweller, but the case was withdrawn when the caravan was voluntarily moved.

Housing

The Council's Slum Clearance Programme was almost completed by the year end and a start was made on rehousing tenants from houses in clearance areas and houses subject to demolition orders and undertaking not to re-let.

The Minister's confirmation of a clearance order in respect of houses in North Terrace, Waleswood, was received and work was commenced in the preparation of a clearance order in respect of eight houses at Wales Bar. Representations were made in respect of four individual unfit houses. During the year, the following action was taken in regard to individual unfit houses:-

Undertaking given not to re-let	...	...	...	6
Demolition Orders	...	...	...	4
Closing Orders	...	...	...	2
Undetermined	...	...	...	1

These figures do not include 8 houses at Wales Bar, the future of which was undetermined at the year end.

Housing (Continued)

By the end of the year, re-housing had taken place of ten tenants from slum property. Most of Main Street, North Anston Clearance Area had been cleared and part of the Winney Hill, Firvale, Harthill Clearance Area. The rest were from individually unfit houses in North Anston.

Housing Statistics

Number of dwelling houses in District - 6,320

The Council authorised payment of improvement grants in respect of 42 privately owned houses during the year. Of these, 33 were Discretionary Grants and 9 were Standard Grants.

A table indicating the work carried out in connection with the Rent Act, 1957, is given below:-

Applications for Certificates of Disrepair

Applications for Certificates	...	...	...	...	1
No. of decisions not to issue Certificates	...	...	...	...	-
" " " to issue Certificates					
(a) in respect of some but not all defects	...	...	...	...	2
(b) in respect of all defects	...	...	...	...	-
No. of undertakings given by landlords under paragraph 5, of the First schedule	...	...	...	...	-
No. of undertakings refused by Local Authority under proviso to paragraph 5 of the First schedule	...	...	...	...	-
No. of Certificates issued	...	...	...	...	2

Applications for Cancellation of Certificates

Applications by landlords to Local Authority for cancellation of certificates	...	...	...	...	2
Objections by tenants to cancellation of certificates	...	...	...	...	-
Decision of Local Authority to cancel in spite of tenants objections	...	...	...	...	-
Certificates cancelled by Local Authority	...	...	...	...	2

Unfit houses made fit and houses in which defects were remedied:-

	By Owner	By Local Authority
After informal action by local authority	157	-
After formal notice under		
(a) Public Health Acts	1	-
(b) Sections 9 and 16, Housing Act, 1957	1	-
Under Section 24, Housing Act, 1957	-	-

Overcrowding

There is no serious overcrowding problem in the district. However, due to the Council's inability to build houses for general need, the number of young married couples living as sub-tenants or with their parents appears to be increasing. Nevertheless, the average number of occupants per house in the district is only slightly above three.

Factories Acts, 1937 to 1959

Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health:-

<u>Premises</u>	<u>Number on Register</u>	<u>Number of Inspections</u>	<u>Written Notices</u>	<u>Occupiers Prosecuted</u>
1. Factories in which sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	4	12	-	-
2. Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	26	43	-	-
3. Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding outworkers premises)	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>30</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Cases in which defects were found:-

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>Cases in which defects were found</u>				<u>Number of cases in which prosecutions were insti- tuted</u>
	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>	<u>Referred to To H.M. Inspector</u>	<u>By H.M. Inspector</u>	
Want of cleanliness	4	4	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences:					
a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	-	1	-
c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork).	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>

CLINICS HELD IN THE KIVETON PARK AREA
(May 1960)

CLINIC	DAY AND TIME	DOCTOR ATTENDING
<u>INFANT WELFARE CLINICS</u>		
Kiveton Park Methodist Church Hall	Mondays 2-4.30 p.m.	Dr. B. D. Rawlin (alternate weeks)
Dinnington Methodist Church Hall	Tuesdays 2-4.30 p.m.	Dr. M. T. Jago
<u>ANTE-NATAL CLINIC</u>		
Dinnington Methodist Church Hall	Alternate Thursdays 2-4 p.m.	Dr. U. Gray
<u>SCHOOL CLINIC</u> - Doctor's Session		
Dinnington Methodist Church Hall	Fourth Thursday morning in month	Dr. J. Lodwick
Kiveton Park Methodist Church Hall	Fourth Friday morning in month	Dr. M. E. O'Neill

MOBILE CLINIC

Visits to the Kiveton Park Rural District on alternate Mondays

<u>District</u>	<u>Time</u>
HARTHILL, In De Sutton Place on the Pryor Mede Estate	9.30 a.m.
NORTH ANSTON, Wright Street	11.0 a.m.
WOODSETTS, Butcher's Arms	2.0 p.m.
GILDINGWELLS (Cross Roads) or LETWELL (Cross Roads) on alternate visits	3.0 p.m.
FIRBECK, Opposite Black Lion on public car park	3.15 p.m.

SPEECH THERAPY CLASS

DINNINGTON, Methodist Church Hall	Tuesday mornings	<u>Person in Charge</u> Miss H. M. Sherwood
--------------------------------------	------------------	--

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

DINNINGTON, Methodist Church Hall	Second Thursday morning in the month	Dr. P. J. Crowley Consultant Psychiatrist. Mr. H. B. Valentine Psychologist.
-----------------------------------	--------------------------------------	---

MIDWIVES - Kiveton Park Area (May 1960)

<u>Name and Address</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
Miss R. M. Meredith, 17 The Green, North Anston	Dinnington 565
Mrs. J. Oldcorn, Nurses Home, 228 Wales Road, Wales	Kiveton 326
Miss W. E. Payne, 4 Laughton Road, Dinnington	Dinnington 550
Mrs. M. Street, 12 Queen Street, Dinnington	Dinnington 461

HOME NURSES

Mrs. E. Bamford, 162 Lordens Hill, Dinnington	Dinnington 434
Mrs. I. Kay, 22 Sawnmoor Avenue, Thurcroft	Wickersley 3596
Mrs. M. M. Rigden, "The Sycamores", Manor Road, Wales	Kiveton 335

Mrs. M. A. Wagstaff, 13 Ryton Road, North Anston	Dinnington 841
---	----------------

HEALTH VISITORS

Miss E. Short, 62 Lodge Lane, Aston	Aston Common 235
Mrs. C. M. Wharton, "Moir-Deen," Gildingwells Road, Letwell	North Carlton 270

Part-time Assistant Health Visitors

Mrs. F. E. Hollingsworth, "Wharmcliffe," Breck Lane, Dinnington	-
Mrs. F. Ives, 35 Breck Lane, Dinnington	-

Divisional Health Office,
"Edenthorpe,"
Grove Road,
ROTHERHAM.

- Telephone Number: Rotherham 3131.

